

Monitoring Cisco Meraki (API)

Beta Version

Cisco: Meraki [API] PowerPack version 101

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Chapter

1

Introduction

Overview

This manual describes how to monitor Cisco Meraki access points, switches, phones, and cameras in the ScienceLogic platform using the Cisco: Meraki [API] PowerPack and the Meraki API.

The following sections provide an overview of Cisco Meraki and the Cisco: Meraki [API] PowerPack:

What is Cisco Meraki?	3
What Does the Cisco: Meraki [API] PowerPack Monitor?	4
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What is Cisco Meraki?

Cisco Meraki provides a set of networking devices and appliances that you can manage from the cloud. Cisco Meraki's centralized cloud architecture enables you to securely monitor users, applications, and devices in your environment.

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What Does the Cisco: Meraki [API] PowerPack Monitor?

To monitor Cisco Meraki devices using the ScienceLogic platform and the Meraki API, you must install the Cisco: Meraki [API] PowerPack. This PowerPack enables you to discover and collect data about Cisco Meraki appliances.

The Cisco: Meraki [API] PowerPack includes:

- Dynamic Applications to discover, model, and monitor performance metrics and collect configuration data for Cisco Meraki devices
- Device Classes for each of the Cisco Meraki devices that the ScienceLogic platform monitors
- Event Policies and corresponding alerts that are triggered when Cisco Meraki devices meet certain status criteria
- An example credential that you can use as a template to create a Basic/Snippet credential for connecting to the Cisco Meraki API
- Run Book Action and Automation policies that gather the SNMP credential information needed for discovery and create a Meraki Cloud Controller virtual device during discovery

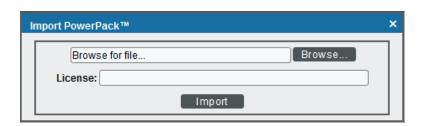
Installing the Cisco: Meraki [API] PowerPack

Before completing the steps in this manual, you must import and install the latest version of the Cisco: Meraki [API] PowerPack.

TIP: By default, installing a new version of a PowerPack overwrites all content in that PowerPack that has already been installed on the target system. You can use the *Enable Selective PowerPack Field Protection* setting in the *Behavior Settings* page (System > Settings > Behavior) to prevent new PowerPacks from overwriting local changes for some commonly customized fields. (For more information, see the *System Administration* manual.)

To download and install a PowerPack:

- 1. Download the PowerPack from the ScienceLogic Customer Portal.
- 2. Go to the **PowerPack Manager** page (System > Manage > PowerPacks).
- 3. In the PowerPack Manager page, click the [Actions] button, then select Import PowerPack.
- 4. The Import PowerPack dialog box appears:



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- 5. Click the [Browse] button and navigate to the PowerPack file.
- 6. When the **PowerPack Installer** modal page appears, click the **[Install]** button to install the PowerPack.

NOTE: If you exit the PowerPack Installer modal page without installing the imported PowerPack, the imported PowerPack will not appear in the PowerPack Manager page. However, the imported PowerPack will appear in the Imported PowerPacks modal page. This page appears when you click the [Actions] menu and select Install PowerPack.

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Chapter

2

Configuring Cisco Meraki for Monitoring

Overview

The following sections describe how to configure and discover Cisco Meraki devices for monitoring by the ScienceLogic platform using the Cisco: Meraki [API] PowerPack and the Meraki API:

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Generating a Cisco Meraki API Key

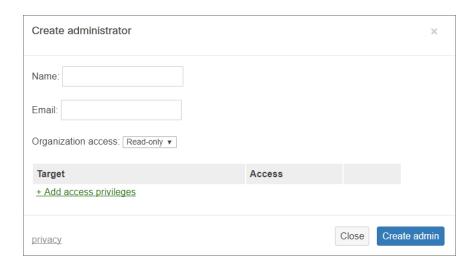
To configure Cisco Meraki for monitoring using the Meraki API, you must first generate an API key for a read-only Meraki user. You will then enter this user's API key in the <code>Basic/Snippet credential</code> you create in the ScienceLogic platform to monitor Meraki.

NOTE: If the read-only user has access to multiple organizations, then the ScienceLogic platform can discover all of those organizations with a single discovery session. In this scenario, each organization is created as a separate Cloud Controller in the platform.

However, if you want each Meraki organization to have its own corresponding ScienceLogic organization in the platform, ScienceLogic recommends creating a unique read-only user account and API key for each organization in Meraki. You can then create separate credentials in the platform for each Meraki organization using those unique API keys, and then use those credentials to run separate discovery sessions for each organization.

To create a read-only user:

- 1. Log in to the Cisco Meraki web interface.
- 2. Go to **Organization > Administrators**, and then click the **[Add admin]** button.
- 3. On the **Create administrator** page, complete the following fields:



- Name. Type the user's name.
- Email. Type the user's email address.
- Organization access. Select Read-only.
- 4. Click [Create admin]. Cisco Meraki sends an email to the email address provided, describing how the user can complete the registration process. The user must complete those steps before generating the API key.

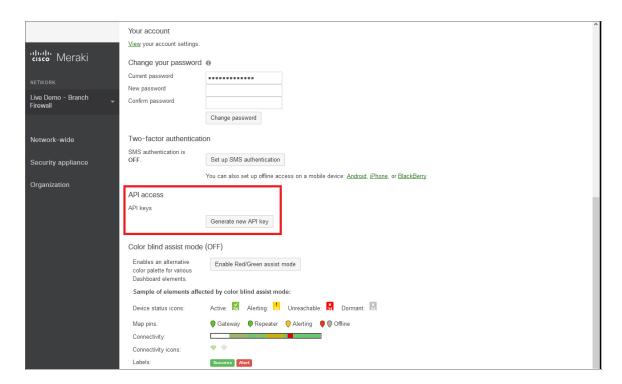
To generate a Cisco Meraki API key for that read-only user:

1. Log in to the Cisco Meraki web interface as the read-only user.

2. Go to Organization > Settings:



- 3. In the **Dashboard API access** section, select the **Enable access to the Cisco Meraki Dashboard API** checkbox.
- 4. Click the **Save Changes** button.
- 5. Click the **profile** link in the **Dashboard API access** section.
- 6. In your user profile, navigate to the API access section and click the Generate new API key button.



7. In the API access section, the API key appears. Copy and save the key value.

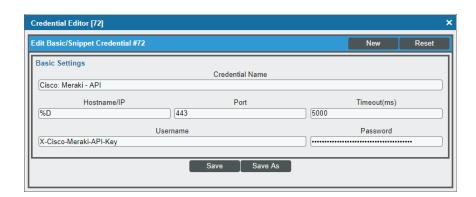
NOTE: API keys are visible only to the user that created them.

Creating a Basic/Snippet Credential

To configure the ScienceLogic platform to monitor Cisco Meraki systems using the Meraki API, you must create a Basic/Snippet credential. This credential allows the Dynamic Applications in the Cisco: Meraki [API] PowerPack to connect with the Cisco Meraki API. An example Basic/Snippet credential that you can edit for your own use is included in the PowerPack.

To create a Basic/Snippet credential:

- 1. Go to the **Credential Management** page (System > Manage > Credentials).
- 2. Locate the Cisco: Meraki API credential, and then click its wrench icon (). The Edit Basic/Snippet Credential modal page appears:



- 3. Complete the following fields:
 - Credential Name. Type a new name for the credential.
 - Hostname/IP. Keep the default value.
 - Port. Keep the default value.
 - Timeout (ms). Keep the default value.
 - Username. Keep the default value.
 - Password. Type the Meraki API key.
- 4. Click the [Save As] button.
- 5. When the confirmation message appears, click [OK].

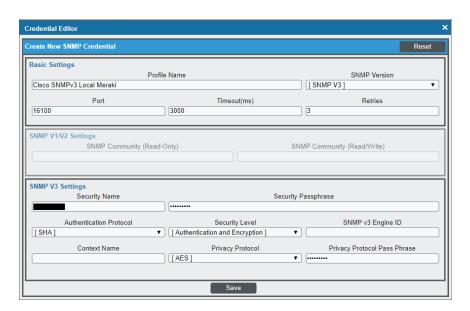
Creating an SNMP V3 Credential

The Dynamic Applications in the Cisco: Meraki [API] PowerPack use SNMP to collect some data about Meraki component devices that is not available through the Meraki API. If your Meraki devices are configured for SNMP V3, then you must create an SNMP V3 credential that enables the PowerPack to connect with the devices through a series of Run Book Actions and Automations.

NOTE: If your Meraki system is configured for SNMP V2, you do not need to create an SNMP credential in the ScienceLogic platform.

To create an SNMP V3 credential:

- 1. Go to the **Credential Management** page (System > Manage > Credentials).
- 2. Click the [Actions] button, and then select Create SNMP Credential. The Create New SNMP Credential modal page appears:



- 3. Complete the following fields:
 - **Profile Name**. Type a name for the credential.
 - SNMP Version. Select SNMP V3.
 - Port. Type "16100" for the port the platform will use to communicate with the device.
 - *Timeout*. Type the amount of time, in milliseconds, after which the platform will stop trying to communicate with the device.
 - Retries. Type the number of times the platform will try to authenticate and communicate with the
 device.
 - Security Name. Type the Meraki device's SNMP V3 username.

- Security Passphrase. Type the Meraki device's SNMP V3 password.
- Authentication Protocol. Select SHA.
- Security Level. Select Authentication and Encryption.
- SNMP v3 Engine ID. Leave this field blank.
- Context Name. Leave this field blank.
- Privacy Protocol. Select AES.
- Privacy Protocol Pass Phrase. Type the Meraki device's AES privacy key.
- 4. Click [Save].

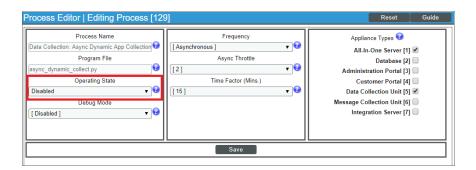
Disabling Asynchronous Dynamic Application Collection

If the Meraki system you want to monitor consists of more than 200 devices, you must disable the "Data Collection: Async Dynamic App Collection" process before discovering your Meraki system.

NOTE: Disabling asynchronous Dynamic Application collection increases the amount of time it takes the ScienceLogic platform to discover all of the component devices in your Meraki system.

To disable asynchronous Dynamic Application collection:

- 1. Go to the **Process Manager** page (System > Settings > Processes).
- 2. Use the **Process Name** filter field to search for the "Data Collection: Async Dynamic App Collection" process, and then click its wrench icon (). The **Process Editor** page appears.



- 3. In the **Operating State** field, select Disabled.
- 4. Click [Save].

Re-enabling Asynchronous Dynamic Application Collection

If you no longer want to monitor Meraki devices in the ScienceLogic platform and you want to return the system to its original state with asynchronous Dynamic Application collection re-enabled, you must first delete all Meraki devices from the platform. You must then clear the Database Server or Data Collector of any asynchronous processes that are already queued. Failing to do these steps can result in the platform ceasing all data collection until those asynchronous processes are executed.

To re-enable asynchronous Dynamic Application collection:

- 1. Navigate to the Database Server by typing "<IP address>:8008" into your browser address bar.
- 2. Log in to the Database Server. The phpMyAdmin browser appears.
- 3. Select the database from the drop-down **Database** field, and then select the **master_logs** database.
- 4. In the **master_logs** database, select the **spool_process** table on the left menu, and then click the **[SQL]** tab.
- 5. Run the following query to clear out the processes on the database:

```
DELETE FROM 'spool_process' WHERE 'proc' = 129 AND 'state' != 0;
```

6. Click [OK] at the prompt. Many rows should have been deleted from the table.

If you are using a distributed ScienceLogic system, continue with step 7. Otherwise, go to step 14.

7. In the left menu of the phpMyAdmin browser, select the Data Collector appliance where Meraki devices were discovered.

If the IP address of the Data Collector appears in the upper left-hand corner of the phpMyAdmin browser, go to step 12. Otherwise, if you receive a MySQL error message that your access is denied, continue with step 8.

- 8. In the Database Server, navigate to the **Master** database and then select the **system_settings_licenses** table.
- 9. Click [Browse] in the upper left-hand side of the page and then identify the Data Collector appliance.
- 10. Click the **edit** button for the Data Collector:



- 11. Locate the **db user** and **db pass** fields. In those fields, type the same credentials as the Database Server.
- 12. Click **[Go]**. Wait a few seconds before trying to access the Data Collector in the phpMyAdmin browser. When you do so, the IP address of the Data Collector should appear in the upper left-hand corner of the phpMyAdmin browser.
- 13. Repeat steps 3-6 on the Data Collector. If successful, many rows should have been deleted from the **spool_ process** table.
- 14. In the ScienceLogic platform, go to the **Process Manager** page (System > Settings > Processes).

- 15. Use the **Process Name** filter field to search for the "Data Collection: Async Dynamic App Collection" process, and then click its wrench icon (). The **Process Editor** page appears.
- 16. In the Operating State field, select Enabled, and then click [Save].

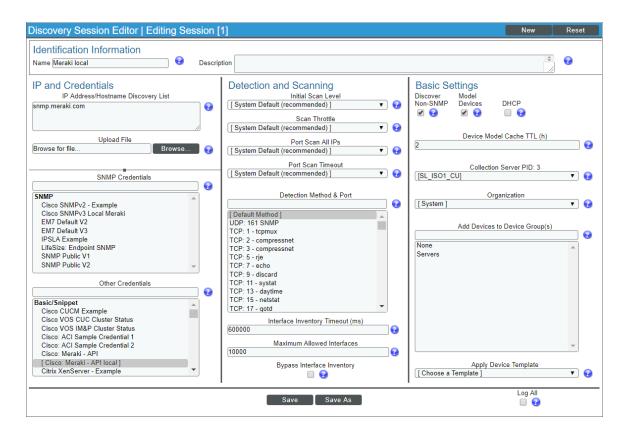
Discovering Cisco Meraki Component Devices

To model and monitor your Cisco Meraki devices, you must run a discovery session to discover your Meraki environment.

When the discovery session first completes, the Meraki system is initially discovered as a pingable physical device. The Run Book Action and Automation policies in the Cisco: Meraki [API] PowerPack then create a Meraki Cloud Controller virtual device that acts as the root device for your Meraki system. The Dynamic Applications included in the PowerPack then automatically align to the Cloud Controller virtual device to discover, model, and monitor the remaining Meraki devices.

To discover the Meraki devices that you want to monitor:

- 1. Go to the **Discovery Control Panel** page (System > Manage > Discovery).
- 2. Click the [Create] button. The Discovery Session Editor page appears.
- 3. On the **Discovery Session Editor** page, define values in the following fields:



• Name. Type a name for the discovery session.

- IP Address/Hostname Discovery List. Type the IP address or hostname for the Cisco Meraki Meraki system that you want to monitor.
- Other Credentials. Select the Basic/Snippet credential you created for Meraki.
- Discover Non-SNMP. Select this checkbox.
- Model Devices. Select this checkbox.

NOTE: Do not select a credential in the **SNMP Credentials** field, even if you created an SNMP V3 credential for your Meraki devices. The Run Book Action and Automation policies included in the *Cisco: Meraki [API]* PowerPack automatically gather and use the necessary SNMP credential information during discovery.

- 4. Optionally, you can enter values in the other fields on this page. For more information about the other fields on this page, see the *Discovery & Credentials* manual.
- 5. Click [Save], and then close the Discovery Session Editor window.
- 6. The discovery session you created appears at the top of the **Discovery Control Panel** page. Click its lightning-bolt icon () to run the discovery session.
- 7. After the virtual device is created and the Cisco Meraki devices are discovered, click the device icon () to view the **Device Properties** page for each device.
- 8. Repeat steps 2-7 for every set of Cisco Meraki devices you want to monitor, using a different credential for each set of devices.

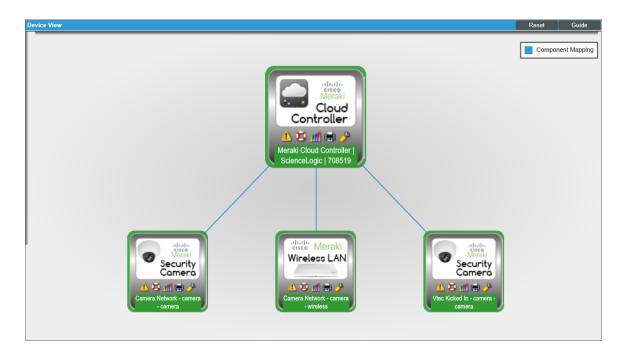
NOTE: ScienceLogic recommends that you delete the physical pingable Meraki device after the platform creates the Cloud Controller virtual device that serves as the Meraki system root device.

NOTE: You can edit the **Device Name** of the Meraki Cloud Controller virtual device from the **Device**Properties page (Registry > Devices > wrench icon). This enables you to change the root device's name so that it matches the organization name as the Meraki Controller defines it. The Cisco: Meraki [API] PowerPack cannot discover multiple organizations with the same name.

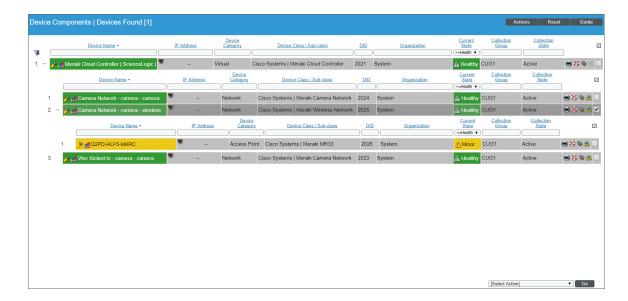
Viewing Cisco Meraki Component Devices

In addition to the **Device Manager** page (Registry > Devices > Device Manager), you can view the Cisco Meraki devices in the following places in the user interface:

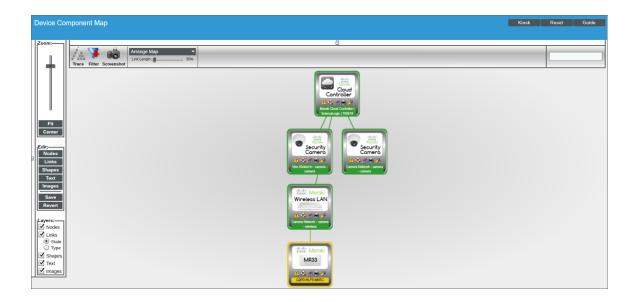
• The **Device View** modal page (click the bar-graph icon [for a device, then click the **Topology** tab) displays a map of a particular device and all of the devices with which it has parent-child relationships. Double-clicking any of the devices listed reloads the page to make the selected device the primary device:



• The **Device Components** page (Registry > Devices > Device Components) displays a list of all root devices and component devices discovered by the ScienceLogic platform in an indented view, so you can easily view the hierarchy and relationships between child devices, parent devices, and root devices. To view the component devices associated with Cisco Meraki, find the Cisco Meraki root device and click its plus icon (+):



• The Component Map page (Views > Device Maps > Components) allows you to view devices by root node and view the relationships between root nodes, parent components, and child components in a map. This makes it easy to visualize and manage root nodes and their components. The ScienceLogic platform automatically updates the Component Map as new component devices are discovered. The platform also updates each map with the latest status and event information. To view the map for Cisco Meraki devices, go to the Component Map page and select the map from the list in the left NavBar. To learn more about the Component Map page, see the Views manual.



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