

## Microsoft: Azure PowerPack Release Notes

Version 107

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#### Overview

Microsoft: Azure PowerPack version 107 adds the ability to discover and monitor Azure Storage Disks, App Services, Web Apps, and Site Recovery configurations. This version includes five new Run Book Automation Policies and numerous updates to Dynamic Applications and Device Classes. Also, this release adds support for Germany regions and additional France and Australia regions.

- Minimum Required Platform Version: 8.4.0
- Support Status: GA

This document describes:

- Pre-install or pre-upgrade information
- The installation process for the PowerPack
- The upgrade process for the PowerPack
- The features included in version 107
- The enhancements and issues addressed in version 107
- The known issues that affect version 107

## Before You Install or Upgrade

Ensure that you are running version 8.4.0 or later of the ScienceLogic platform before installing the *Microsoft: Azure* PowerPack version 107.

**NOTE**: As of *Microsoft: Azure* PowerPack version 107, Data Collectors running CentOS can no longer discover and monitor Microsoft Azure.

NOTE: For details on upgrading the ScienceLogic platform, see the appropriate ScienceLogic Release Notes.

**TIP**: Prior to using the multiple subscription functionality introduced in version 104, ScienceLogic recommends that you review your device capacity and load limits to determine the best method for implementation.

## Installing Microsoft: Azure PowerPack version 107

To install the Microsoft: Azure PowerPack **for the first time** (that is, if you have never installed a Microsoft: Azure PowerPack before), perform the following steps:

- 1. Familiarize yourself with the Known Issues for this release.
- 2. See the **Before You Install or Upgrade** section. If you have not done so already, upgrade your system to the 8.4.0 or later release.
- 3. Download version 107 of the Microsoft: Azure PowerPack from the Customer Portal to a local computer.
- Go to the PowerPack Manager page (System > Manage > PowerPacks). Click the [Actions] menu and choose Import PowerPack. When prompted, import version 107 of the Microsoft: Azure PowerPack.
- 5. After importing the PowerPack, you will be prompted to install the PowerPack. Click the **[Install]** button to install the PowerPack.
- 6. See the manual Monitoring Microsoft Azure for instructions on using the new PowerPack.

# Upgrading the Microsoft: Azure PowerPack from Version 104 and Later

TIP: By default, installing a new version of a PowerPack will overwrite all content in that PowerPack that has already been installed on the target system. You can use the Enable Selective PowerPack Field Protection setting in the Behavior Settings page (System > Settings > Behavior) to prevent the new version of the PowerPack from overwriting local changes for some commonly customized fields.

To upgrade the Microsoft: Azure from version 104 and later:

- 1. Familiarize yourself with the Known Issues for this release.
- See the Before You Upgrade section. If you have not done so already, upgrade your system to the 8.4.0 or later release.
- 3. Download version 107 of the Microsoft: Azure PowerPack from the Customer Portal to a local computer.
- 4. Before importing and installing version 107 of the PowerPack, you must disable the existing tree of Azure parent and component devices, recursively. To do so:
  - Go to the **Device Components** page (Registry > Devices > Device Components)
  - Collapse the root Azure component device.
  - Select the root Azure device's checkbox.
  - Click the **Select Action** drop-down menu. Under **Change Collection State**, select *Disabled* (recursive), and then click **[Go]**.
- Go to the PowerPack Manager page (System > Manage > PowerPacks). Click the [Actions] menu and choose Import PowerPack. Import the Microsoft: Azure version 107 PowerPack. For details on importing PowerPacks, see the chapter on Installing a PowerPack in the PowerPacks manual.

- 6. Click the **[Install]** button. For details on installing PowerPacks, see the chapter on *Installing a PowerPack* in the **PowerPacks** manual.
- 7. If you are implementing the multiple subscription feature, go to the **Credential Management** page (System > Manage > Credentials) and create a new credential or edit an existing one as needed for use with the multiple subscription configuration. (For more information, see the manual **Monitoring Microsoft Azure**.)
- 8. You must now enable the existing tree of Azure parent and component devices, recursively. To do so:
  - Go to the **Device Components** page (Registry > Devices > Device Components)
  - Collapse the root Azure component device.
  - Select the root Azure component device's checkbox.
  - Click the **Select Action** drop-down menu. Under **Change Collection State**, select Active (recursive), and then click **[Go]**.

## Upgrading from a Microsoft: Azure PowerPack Version Prior to v104

To upgrade the Microsoft: Azure from a version earlier than v104:

- 1. Familiarize yourself with the Known Issues for this release.
- 2. See the **Before You Upgrade** section. If you have not done so already, upgrade your system to the 8.4.0 or later release.
- 3. Download version 107 of the Microsoft: Azure PowerPack from the Customer Portal to a local computer.
- 4. Before importing and installing version 107 of the PowerPack, you must disable the existing tree of Azure parent and component devices, recursively. To do so:
  - Go to the **Device Components** page (Registry > Devices > Device Components).
  - Collapse the root Azure component device.
  - Select the root Azure component device's checkbox.
  - Click the **Select Action** drop-down menu. Under **Change Collection State**, select *Disabled* (recursive), and then click **[Go]**.
- 5. Because the following Dynamic Applications were force-removed from v103 and v104, when you upgrade to version 107, you must manually remove the device components discovered by these Dynamic Applications.
  - Microsoft: Azure Backup Jobs Discovery
  - Microsoft: Azure Backup Policies Service Discovery
  - Microsoft: Azure Backup Policy Discovery
  - Microsoft: Azure Recovery Jobs Service Discovery
  - Microsoft: Azure Storage Blob Configuration
  - Microsoft: Azure Storage Blob Discovery

- Microsoft: Azure Storage Container Discovery
- Microsoft: Azure Storage Table Discovery
- Microsoft: Azure Storage Queue Discovery
- 6. Go to the **Device Manager** page (Registry > Devices > Device Manager.
- 7. Filter the list of devices by Device Class | Sub-Class. Type the following in the filter:

Azure Storage Container, Azure Storage Blob, Azure Storage Queue, Azure Storage Table, Backup Policies Service, Backup Policy, Jobs Service, Backup Job

- 8. The **Device Manager** page now displays only devices with the specified device classes. Click the **Select All** checkbox in the upper right to select all these devices.
- 9. Click on the [Select Action] field, and choose DELETE Selected Devices. Click the [Go] button. Confirm that you want to delete the device.
- Next, you must delete the device classes associated with the Dynamic Applications that were force-removed. Go to the **Device Class Editor** page (System > Customize > Device Classes).
- 11. You must filter the list of device classes. To do so, enter the following:
  - Device Class. In this filter, type Microsoft.
  - **Description**. In this field, type Backup Policies Service, Backup Policy, Jobs Service, Backup Job, Azure Storage Container, Azure Storage Blob, Azure Storage Queue, Azure Storage Table.
- 12. The **Device Class Editor** page should now display only the following device classes:
  - Azure Backup Job
  - Azure Backup Policies Service
  - Azure Backup Policy
  - Azure Jobs Service
  - Microsoft Azure Storage Container
  - Microsoft Azure Storage Blob
  - Microsoft Azure Storage Table
  - Microsoft Azure Storage Queue
- 13. Click the **[Select Action]** field, choose **DELETE Device Classes**, and click the **[Go]** button. Confirm that you want to delete the device.
- 14. Go to the **PowerPack Manager** page (System > Manage > PowerPacks). Click the **[Actions]** menu and choose Import PowerPack. Import the Microsoft: Azure version 107 PowerPack. For details on importing PowerPacks, see the chapter on Installing a PowerPack in the **PowerPacks** manual.
- 15. Click the **[Install]** button. For details on installing PowerPacks, see the chapter on *Installing a PowerPack* in the **PowerPacks** manual.

- 16. You must now enable the existing tree of Azure parent and component devices, recursively. To do so:
  - Go to the **Device Components** page (Registry > Devices > Device Components).
  - Collapse the root Azure component device.
  - Select the root Azure component device's checkbox.
  - Click the **Select Action** drop-down menu. Under **Change Collection State**, select *Enabled* (recursive), and then click **[Go]**.
- 17. See the manual Monitoring Microsoft Azure for instructions on using the new PowerPack.

#### Features

Microsoft: Azure PowerPack version 107 includes the following features:

- Dynamic Applications that enable the ScienceLogic platform to discover, model, and monitor performance metrics and collect configuration data for Azure resources
- Event Policies that are triggered when Azure resources meet certain status criteria
- Device Classes for each Azure data center location, including new Azure Germany locations, each of the Azure component devices monitored, and all of the Azure resources that the ScienceLogic platform monitors
- Example credentials for discovering Azure resources, including example credentials for Azure Germany subscribers
- Run Book Action and Automation policies that can automate certain Azure monitoring processes

#### Enhancements and Issues Addressed

The following changes are included in version 107 of the Microsoft: Azure PowerPack:

- Added support for Germany regions and additional France and Australia regions. Also added a new example credential for Azure Germany regions.
- Added new Run Book Automations to enable the following capabilities:
  - Automatically disable data collection for Virtual Machines, Virtual Machine Scale Sets (VMSS), and Storage Disks based on their VM tag.
  - Automatically create and start a discovery session using the public or private IP address of a Virtual Machine, and after the device is discovered, merge the physical device with the corresponding component.
  - Automatically move a Virtual Machine to a vanished state if the component is in a terminated state.
- To support the discovery and monitoring of Azure Storage Disks, Storage Accounts, VMSS, App Services, Web Apps, and Site Recovery configurations, the following Dynamic Applications were added to the PowerPack:
  - Microsoft: Azure App Configuration
  - Microsoft: Azure App Performance

- Microsoft: Azure App Service Discovery
- Microsoft: Azure App Service Plan Discovery
- Microsoft: Azure Managed Disks Configuration
- Microsoft: Azure Managed Disks Discovery
- Microsoft: Azure Managed Disks Service Discovery
- Microsoft: Azure Site Recovery Job Performance
- Microsoft: Azure Site Recovery Plans Configuration
- Microsoft: Azure Site Recovery Policy Configuration
- Microsoft: Azure Site Recovery Protected Items Configuration
- Microsoft: Azure Storage Account Performance
- Microsoft: Azure VMSS Profiles Configuration
- For the following Dynamic Applications, the data collection process was updated to use the Azure Monitoring API, and the poll frequency was updated from 30 minutes to 15 minutes:
  - Microsoft: Azure Storage Account Blob Performance
  - Microsoft: Azure Storage Account Table Performance
  - Microsoft: Azure Storage Account Queue Performance
- The "Microsoft: Azure Storage Account Blob Performance" Dynamic Application now appears in the [Component] tab of the "Microsoft: Azure Storage Account Discovery" Dynamic Application and is autoaligned with that Dynamic Application. Also, the "Azure Blob Storage Account" Device Class billing tier was updated from 1 to 2.
- Added the following storage account performance metrics:
  - Total Blob Capacity
  - Total Blob Count
  - Total Blob Container Count
  - Total Table Capacity
  - Total Table Count
  - Total Table Entity Count
  - Total Queue Capacity
  - Total Queue Count
  - Total Queue Message Count
- Added alerts for the "Microsoft: Azure VMSS Virtual Machine Performance" Dynamic Application to track CPU utilization for a virtual machine.
- With this release, an Azure VM is shown as unavailable only when it is terminated, and new alerts were added to raise an event when a VM is powered off and powered on again.

• The following new Device Classes were added to the PowerPack:

Device Class	Description	Category	Device Class Tier
Microsoft	Azure Web App	Cloud.AppService	3
Microsoft	Azure Web App Linux	Cloud.AppService	3
Microsoft	Azure Function App	Cloud.AppService	3
Microsoft	Azure Function App Linux	Cloud.AppService	3
Microsoft	Azure Function App Service Plan	Cloud.AppService	1
Microsoft	Azure Linux App Service Plan	Cloud.AppService	1
Microsoft	Azure App Service Plan	Cloud.AppService	1
Microsoft	Azure App Service	Cloud.Service	1
Microsoft	Azure Managed Disks Service	Cloud.Service	1
Microsoft	Azure Managed Disk	Cloud.Storage	1
Microsoft	Azure Location France Central	Cloud.Location	1
Microsoft	Azure Location France South	Cloud.Location	1
Microsoft	Azure Location Australia Central	Cloud.Location	1
Microsoft	Azure Location Australia Central 2	Cloud.Location	1
Microsoft	Azure Location Australia East	Cloud.Location	1
Microsoft	Azure Location Australia Southeast	Cloud.Location	1
Microsoft	Azure Location Germany Central	Cloud.Location	1
Microsoft	Azure Location Germany Northeast	Cloud.Location	1

### Known Issues

- If you edit the "Disable By VM Tag" Run Book Action or the "Microsoft Azure: Merge with VM" Run Book Action on a system running version 8.9.0 of the ScienceLogic platform, the action fails because of a configuration issue. This issue was addressed in version 8.9.1.1 of the platform.
- The default metric System Availability requires an availability report every five minutes by default. However, the "Microsoft Azure: Virtual Machine Discovery" Dynamic Application run every 15 minutes by default, which causes gaps in the data. To avoid seeing gaps in System Availability, reduce the default poll time for the Discovery Dynamic Application to five minutes.
- After installing version 107 of this PowerPack, you might encounter a message that begins with the following text: Unhandled exception during collection, process Data Collection: Dynamic App:

 $\label{eq:star} \ensuremath{\mathtt{Traceback}}\xspace ({\tt most recent call last}) . This issue was addressed in version 8.9.1.1 of the ScienceLogic platform.$ 

- When Azure components are discovered in the default System organization, the "Microsoft Azure: Merge Physical with Component" Run Book Action will not work. To work around this issue, use a different organization instead of System.
- After upgrading from a single subscription to a multi-subscription by removing the Subscription ID in the credential's *Embed Value [%3]* field, a "Storage Object Failure due to DEADLOCK" error appears in the system log. This error is erroneous and might repeat a few times.
- When discovering a large number of component devices, the discovery process can cause the appearance of numerous critical events with the message, "Large backlog of asynchronous jobs detected".
- The Dynamic Application "Microsoft: Azure Backup Policy Configuration" retrieves an additional parameter (HourlyLogBackup) that is not displayed in the Azure portal. The parameter does not contain a value. This issue is caused by a parameter being available in the Azure API but not in the Azure portal.

NOTE: This issue does not occur for Microsoft Azure Government subscribers.

- In Microsoft Azure, no count appears for Recovery Service Vault > Backup items > Azure Backup Server. This
  is a bug in the Azure API.
- The API for Microsoft Azure Government does not currently provide performance data for Azure Application Gateways. This is a bug in the Azure API.
- The API for Microsoft Azure Government does not currently support the following performance data for Azure SQL Databases: deadlock, dtu\_consumption\_percent, dtu\_limit, dtu\_used, log\_write\_percent, sessions\_percent, storage\_storage\_percent, workers\_percent, and xtp\_storage\_percent. This is a bug in the Azure API.

#### Workarounds

Version 103 fixed an issue where the Dynamic Application "Microsoft: Azure Virtual Machine Discovery" was not automatically assigning a device class to each discovered device.

As a result, if you are upgrading from a version of the *Microsoft: Azure* PowerPack prior to version 103, after the upgrade you must either re-discover the Azure Virtual Machine devices that previously had no device class, or you must manually assign the device class "Microsoft | Azure Virtual Machine Service" to each of those devices.

To manually re-discover the Azure Virtual Machine devices that previously had no device class:

- 1. Go to the Dynamic Applications Manager page (System > Manage > Applications).
- 2. Find the Dynamic Application "Microsoft: Azure Virtual Machine Discovery" and select its checkbox.
- 3. Click the [Select Action] field and choose DISCOVER Applications. Click the [Go] button.

To manually assign a device class to the Azure Virtual Machine devices, perform these steps on each device:

- 1. Go to the **Device Manager** page (Registry > Devices > Device Manager).
- 2. Find the device you want to edit and select its wrench icon ( $\checkmark$ ).
- 3. In the **Device Properties** page, find the **Device Class** field and select the toolbox icon (<sup>(=)</sup>).
- 4. In the **Select New Device Class** modal page, select the device class that matches the Azure Virtual Machine in both size and type.
- 5. The newly selected device class is now associated with the device.

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800-SCI-LOGIC (1-800-724-5644)

International: +1-703-354-1010