

# **SL1 PowerFlow Platform Release Notes**

Version 2.4.0

### Overview

The SL1 PowerFlow Platform version 2.4.0 includes updates to the **PowerFlow Control Tower** page and the PowerFlow builder page, and new authentication and authorization options for PowerFlow services, including Couchbase and RabbitMQ.

**NOTE**: Unless mentioned elsewhere in the documentation, Synchronization PowerPacks do not require a specific version of the PowerFlow Platform.

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### **Features**

This section covers the features that were included in PowerFlow Platform version 2.4.0.

### PowerFlow Control Tower

- You can customize the content that displays in the Favorite Application widgets on the PowerFlow Control Tower page.
  - When you click the Favorite icon for a PowerFlow application, you can select one or more Favorite
     Applications widgets to display the selected application.
  - If you hover over the [Run] button for a favorite application in a Favorite Application widget, you
    can select Custom Run to open the Custom Run dialog, where you can specify logging levels, the
    configuration object, and custom parameters for the run.
  - The [Info] button at the top right of the **Favorite Applications** widget displays a pop-up message with data for the Timestamp, Number of Runs to Display, and the Queue for the widget.
  - If you want to display more than one set of favorite applications, you can click the [Duplicate the Widget] button at the top of the Favorite Applications widget to make a copy.

- ° If you have a favorite application in more than one set of favorite applications, when you run that application, the animations for the run display in all of the relevant widgets.
- You can update the widget name, size, number of runs to display, and other data for a Favorite
   Applications widget by clicking the [Actions] button at the top right of the Favorite Applications
   widget and selecting Configure. You can also specify a queue for running the applications on the
   Configuration pane.
- To reorder the applications in the Favorite Applications widget, click the [Actions] button at the top
  right of the widget and select Reorder Items. Use the up and down arrows to arrange the
  applications, and click [Save] when you are done.
- The System Health widget displays an image that shows the progress of data loading in the widget.
- If the newest data is unavailable, the **System Health** widget displays the last available data.
- A message will display in the PowerFlow user interface if the Workflow Health and Interconnectivity
  widget or the System Health widget detect a missing or misconfigured Synchronization PowerPack. For
  more information, see Configuring the System Health Widget.
- The "PowerFlow Control Tower Healthcheck" Application supports using SSH keys for collecting data from a
  PowerFlow node. You must select the use\_ssh\_key option on the Configuration pane for the HealthCheck
  application to use the ssh key application variable that is defined in the aligned configuration object.
- The /api/v1/me/widgets endpoint was added to the PowerFlow API. This endpoint supports the following methods:
  - o GET /widgets. Returns a list of all installed widgets used on the PowerFlow Control Tower page.
  - o GET /widgets/{widget id}. Returns a specific widget using the specified widget ID.
  - POST /widgets/{widget id}. Creates a new widget or updates a existing one.
  - DELETE /widgets/{widget id}. Deletes the specified widget.
- The new Workflow Health and Interconnectivity widget on the PowerFlow Control Tower page lets you monitor the connectivity of the third-party applications that you are integrating with SL1.
- On the **Workflow Health and Interconnectivity** widget, you can hover over an endpoint on the widget to view additional information, including the health, last run and the Synchronization PowerPacks used by the endpoint.
- You can customize the All Tasks, Workers, and Applications charts on the **PowerFlow Control Tower** page to change the type of chart, status type, data type, and timeframe for each set of charts.

**CAUTION:** Due to a compatibility issue, do not use Base Steps Synchronization PowerPack version 1.4.1 with System Utils Synchronization PowerPack version 1.1.2.

**NOTE**: If you are using SSH keys to connect to the PowerFlow Control Tower, you will need Base Steps Synchronization PowerPack version 1.4.1 or later.

• The PowerFlow Control Tower requires the following Synchronization PowerPack versions:

- ° Base Steps Synchronization PowerPack version 1.4.2 or later.
- ° System Utils Synchronization PowerPack version 1.1.3 or later. The **System Health** and other widgets will not be populated until the System Utils Synchronization PowerPack is installed.
- ° Flow Control Synchronization PowerPack version 1.0.1 or later.

### Authentication and Authorization for Services Used by PowerFlow

- The PowerFlow administrator can control the level of access to the specific PowerFlow services, including Couchbase and RabbitMQ. Authentication for these services is provided by Dex authentication, which is already used for role-based access control (RBAC) in PowerFlow.
  - Couchbase authentication. To access the Couchbase user interface, a user must log in to PowerFlow first, using his or her PowerFlow credentials. If the user is authorized to access the Couchbase user interface, the user can add port "8091" to the PowerFlow URL, and the user will be automatically redirected to the Couchbase user interface.
  - Couchbase authorization. The roles and user groups defined in PowerFlow are applied to the Couchbase user interface based on the default user group policies. The PowerFlow administrator can update these user policies to specify which groups can access Couchbase. Couchbase authorization uses the following default permissions:
    - Administrator. The user has access to all resources at all levels.
    - Developer. The user can add and edit buckets and documents, but the user cannot delete anything.
    - Configuration. The user can add and delete indexes and add nodes to Couchbase.
    - Execute. The user has read-only access.
    - View. The user cannot login to the Couchbase user interface. This was explicitly set that way as Couchbase is the main database for PowerFlow.
  - RabbitMQ authentication. RabbitMQ authentication works the same as PowerFlow authentication and Couchbase authentication.
  - RabbitMQ authorization. RabbitMQ authorization uses the following default permissions:
    - Administrator: The user has access to all resources, at all levels, and the user can create internal users and policies. These policies do not impact PowerFlow users.
    - Developer: The user can create resources and read all resources on all vhosts.
    - Configuration: The user can create queues and exchanges only in the default vhost, but the user can read queues and exchanges on all vhosts.
    - Execute: The user can read queues and exchanges on all vhosts, but the user cannot create or configure any resources.
    - View: The user can only view queues and exchanges on the default vhost.
  - If you want to disable the auto-login feature for RabbitMQ and Couchbase, you can set the force\_auth\_validation environment variable to "true" under the GUI container configurations in the docker-compose file. Setting this variable to "true" allows you to access the Couchbase or

RabbitMQ user interface to address issues without needed to authorize. If the flag is missing or set to "false", the auto-login feature continues to work.

### Updates to the PowerFlow User Interface

- The flowcharts in the PowerFlow builder were updated to include new drop-down menus in steps and a "picture-in-picture" (PIP) feature for Trigger steps that displays the flowchart for a child application in a small pop-up window.
- You can now clear specific pop-up notifications in the PowerFlow user interface.

### Additional Features

- When installing PowerFlow from an ISO, you can now install open-vm-tools by selecting Yes to "Installing Into a Vmware Environment" option during the installation wizard.
- For large environments, you can replicate the PowerFlow Devpi Server, which is the internal Python package repository. Creating Devpi Server replicas prevents multiple syncpacks\_steprunners from attempting to access a single Devpi Server at the same time, which might cause failures when creating or recreating Synchronization PowerPack virtual environments. For more information, see the "Scaling the PowerFlow Devpi Server" topic in Appendix B: Configuring the PowerFlow System for Multi-tenant Environments in the SL1 PowerFlow Platform manual. (Case: 00195538. Jira ID: EM-45664, INT-4134)

**NOTE**: The Devpi Server is deployed as the **pypiserver** service on a PowerFlow stack.

- You can request cache documents using the API endpoint **GET /api/v1/cache/{cache\_key}**, but only if this cache document was explicitly saved to be exposed to the API. You will need to save the cache document using the latest version of the "SaveToCache" step in the Base Steps Synchronization PowerPack. This step has a new step\_parameter called "read\_from\_api" that lets you decide whether the cache document can be requested from the API.
- This release includes updates that address the common vulnerabilities and exposures (CVEs) identified since the last release of PowerFlow.
- The following services are included in this release of PowerFlow:
  - o contentapi. sciencelogic/pf-api:rhelrelease-2.4.0
  - ° **couchbase**. image: sciencelogic/pf-couchbase:6.0.2-7
  - o dexserver. image: sciencelogic/pf-dex:2.22.0-4
  - **flower**. image: sciencelogic/pf-worker:rhelrelease-2.4.0
  - gui. image: sciencelogic/pf-gui:release-2.4.0-ubi7
  - pypiserver. image: sciencelogic/pf-pypi:6.3.1-7
  - rabbitmq. image: sciencelogic/pf-rabbit:3.8.28-3
  - redis. image: sciencelogic/pf-redis:6.0.4-2
  - o scheduler. image: sciencelogic/pf-worker:rhelrelease-2.4.0

- steprunner. image: sciencelogic/pf-worker:rhelrelease-2.4.0
- o syncpacks\_steprunner. image: sciencelogic/pf-worker:rhelrelease-2.4.0

TIP: To view release notes and manuals for all versions of the SL1 PowerFlow Platform, see <u>SL1 PowerFlow Platform Documentation</u>. To view release notes and manuals for PowerFlow Synchronization PowerPacks, see <u>SL1 Workflow Automation PowerPack Documentation</u>.

### Issues Addressed

The following issues were addressed in PowerFlow Platform version 2.4.0:

- Updated the PowerFlow builder to prevent users from editing a step in a published Synchronization PowerPack. If you want to edit a step in a published Synchronization PowerPack, you can create a new step using the code from the existing step. (Case: 00192292. Jira ID: EM-45545)
- Addressed an issue where PowerFlow could not get step data from the "Pull and Process SL1 Orgs" step. (Case: 00194044. Jira ID: EM-43112)
- Addressed an issue where the self.version function did not always return the correct version when it was
  called in a step that was not part of a Synchronization PowerPack. (Case: 00194044. Jira ID: EM-45576)
- Addressed an issue where the Timeline filter in the PowerFlow user interface did not reset properly when you
  navigated away from a specific PowerFlow application. (Case: 00205625. EM-46674)
- Addressed an issue where RabbitMQ did not auto cluster properly. RabbitMQ can now accept
  configuration variables to avoid a startup race condition between nodes. You can set the TIMEOUT: 30
  environment variable for RabbitMQ secondary nodes. You can also set the stop\_grace\_period: 20s for
  the RabbitMQ service to make sure that the cluster always starts with the first node, which prevents the
  following scenario from occurring: <a href="https://www.rabbitmq.com/cluster-formation.html#discovery-retries">https://www.rabbitmq.com/cluster-formation.html#discovery-retries</a>.
  (Case: 00257504. Jira ID: EM-51513)
- To address an issue where the number of tasks listed in the PowerFlow and Flower dashboards do not match
  the Task List, you can set the FLOWER\_MAX\_TASKS environment variable in the PowerFlow dockercompose file to 20,000 tasks or higher. (Case: 00201243. Jira ID: EM-47045)

#### For example:

```
flower:
environment:
.....
worker_type: flower
FLOWER_MAX_TASKS: 20000
```

- Addressed an issue where you could not delete a PowerFlow schedule that had a forward slash "/" in its name. (Case: 00213109. Jira ID: EM-47406)
- Updated the **SL1 PowerFlow Platform** manual with more information about installing SSL certificates in an environment with a load balancer and more information about the fields needed in the certificates. (Cases: 00236969, 00232993, 00230645. Jira IDs: EM-49394, EM-49108, EM-48905)

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- Added a new topic about replica settings to the "Configuring the PowerFlow System for High Availability" Appendix in the SL1 PowerFlow Platform manual. (Case: 00231885, Jira ID: EM-49033)
- Addressed an issue where Boolean (True/False) values were not successfully toggled to False in the PowerFlow user interface.
- The Configuration pane for a PowerFlow application can now display the "\n" character.

### Known Issues

This release contains the following known issues:

- When attempting to upgrade PowerFlow to version 2.2.x, 2.3.x, or 2.4.x, the RabbitMQ user interface
  might become inaccessible due to an incorrect RabbitMQ version in the docker-compose.yml file. This
  issue is addressed in PowerFlow version 2.5.0, so ScienceLogic recommends that you upgrade to version
  2.5.0.
- In PowerFlow version 2.4.0 and later, if you enabled the latest authentication updates for the backend services, the RabbitMQ API is no longer available externally from the cluster. As a result, remote API requests directly to RabbitMQ might not work (the RabbitMQ user interface is still completely operational). As a workaround, if you require remote access to the RabbitMQ API, you can return to legacy behavior by setting the following <code>gui</code> environment variable: <code>force\_auth\_validation: true</code>. Alternatively, you may perform any api requests to rabbit directly from within the container. Remote RabbitMQ API access for internal authentication users will be enabled in a future release of PowerFlow.
- The Workflow Health and Interconnectivity widget on the PowerFlow Control Tower page displays
  diagrams for PowerFlow applications and Synchronization PowerPacks that have been deleted. To work
  around this issue, run the "PowerFlow Control Tower HealthCheck" application or wait for the next
  scheduled run of the application.
- If your PowerFlow system uses self-signed certificates, you will need to manually accept the certificate
  before you can upload Synchronization PowerPacks. Go to https://<IP address of
  PowerFlow>:3141/isadmin, accept the certificate, and then log into PowerFlow. After you log in, you
  will be able to upload Synchronization PowerPacks.
- The latest tag does not exist after the initial ISO installation. This situation only affects users with custom services that point to the latest tag. To work around this issue, run the tag latest script manually after running the ./pull start iservices.sh command:

python /opt/iservices/scripts/system\_updates/tag\_latest.py
/opt/iservices/scripts/docker-compose.yml

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# System Requirements

NOTE: PowerFlow Platform version 2.2.1 and later requires version 1.3.1 or later of the Base Steps Synchronization PowerPack. This version includes an update to the "Query REST" step that prevents issues with scheduled PowerFlow applications. You can download the latest version of this Synchronization PowerPack from the PowerPacks page of the ScienceLogic Support Site.

**NOTE**: The PowerFlow builder is available as part of an SL1 Premium solution. To upgrade, contact ScienceLogic Customer Support. For more information, see <a href="https://sciencelogic.com/pricing.">https://sciencelogic.com/pricing.</a>

The PowerFlow platform does not have a specific minimum required version for SL1. However, certain PowerFlow Synchronization PowerPacks have minimum version dependencies. Please see the documentation for those Synchronization PowerPacks for more information on those dependencies.

The following table lists the port access required by PowerFlow:

Source IP	PowerFlow Destination	PowerFlow Source Port	Destination Port	Requirement
PowerFlow	SL1 API	Any	TCP 443	SL1 API Access
SL1 Run Book Action	PowerFlow	Any	TCP 443	Send SL1 data to PowerFlow
Devpi	PowerFlow	Any	TCP 3141	Internal Python package repository for Synchronization PowerPacks; check for selfcertification for PowerFlow
Dex Server	PowerFlow	Any	TCP 5556	Enable authentication for PowerFlow
PowerFlow	SL1 Database	Any	TCP 7706	SL1 Database Access
powerflowcontrol (pfctl, formerly called iservicecontrol) command-line utility	PowerFlow	Any	22 (on all host nodes)	Log in and perform admin tasks on nodes
Encapsulated Security Protocol (ESP)	PowerFlow	IP Protocol 50	n/a	Security; ESP should be open and available between cluster nodes
Couchbase Dashboard	PowerFlow	8091	n/a	Couchbase Dashboard
RabbitMQ Dashboard	PowerFlow	15672	n/a	RabbitMQ Dashboard

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ScienceLogic highly recommends that you disable all firewall session-limiting policies. Firewalls will drop HTTPS requests, which results in data loss.

**CAUTION:** PowerFlow clusters do not support vMotion or snapshots while the cluster is running. Performing a vMotion or snapshot on a running PowerFlow cluster will cause network interrupts between nodes, and will render clusters inoperable.

**CAUTION:** The site administrator is responsible for configuring the host, hardware, and virtualization configuration for the PowerFlow server or cluster. If you are running a cluster in a VMware environment, be sure to install open-vm-tools and disable vMotion.

CAUTION: You can configure one or more SL1 systems to use PowerFlow to sync with a *single* instance of a third-party application like ServiceNow, Restorepoint, or Cherwell. You cannot configure one SL1 system to use PowerFlow to sync with *multiple* instances of a third-party application like ServiceNow or Cherwell. The relationship between SL1 and the third-party application can be either one-to-one or many-to-one, but not one-to-many.

**NOTE**: You can use a single PowerFlow system to manage multiple pairings between one or more SL1 systems and third-party applications like ServiceNow and Cherwell. The pairings must always be one-to-one or many-to-one: one or more SL1 systems connected to only one third-party application.

**NOTE**: The default internal network used by PowerFlow services is **172.21.0.1/16**. Please ensure that this range does not conflict with any other IP addresses on your network. If needed, you can change this subnet in the **docker-compose.yml** file.

**NOTE**: The PowerFlow operating system is an Oracle Linux distribution, and all patches are provided within the standard Oracle Linux repositories. The patches are not provided by ScienceLogic.

**TIP**: For more information about system requirements for your PowerFlow environment, see the <u>System Requirements</u> page at the ScienceLogic Support site.

## Installing or Upgrading PowerFlow

For detailed steps about installing or upgrading to this version of PowerFlow, see the *Installing and Configuring PowerFlow* chapter in the **SL1PowerFlow Platform** manual.

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800-SCI-LOGIC (1-800-724-5644)

International: +1-703-354-1010